What Does Abhidhamma mean to us?

Lecture (8)

Paṭṭhāna (Law of Causal relations) in Daily life

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Buddha's teachings on Cause & Effect

Mode of teaching (<i>desanā</i>)				
concise	more complete	most comprehensive		
Four Noble Truths (cattāri ariyasaccāni)	Dependent Origination (paṭiccasamuppāda)	Causal relations (paṭṭhāna)		
• suffering	generates (pavatti)in ascending order	 cause (paccaya) effect (paccayuppanna) conditional forces/ causal efficacy of conditions 		
cause of suffering	(anuloma)			
cessation of suffering	• ceases (<i>nivatti</i>) • in reverse order			
• way to cessation	(paṭiloma)	(paccayasatti)		

Overview of Conditional Relations (Paṭṭhāna)

✓ a detailed exposition of inter-relation between mental and material phenomena in various ways

3 main components of Paṭṭhāna

- 1) the conditioning state or cause (paccaya dhamma)
- > the phenomena that function other phenomena by
- a) producing them
- b) supporting, reinforcing them
- 2)conditionally arisen states or effect (paccayuppanna)
- 3) conditioning force of the condition (paccaya, satti)
- particular way in which the cause produce or support the effect

24 conditions (paccaya)

No.	condition	<i>pāļi</i> term	No.	condition	<i>pāļi</i> term
1	Root	hetu	13	Kamma	kamma
2	Object	ārammaṇa	14	resultant	vipāka
3	Predominance	adhipati	15	nutriment	āhāra
4	Proximity	anantara	16	faculty	indriya
5	Contiguity	samanantara	17	absorption	jhāna
6	Co-nascence	sahajāta	18	path	magga
7	Mutuality	аññатаññа	19	association	sampayutta
8	Support	nissaya	20	dissociation	vippayutta
9	Decisive support	upanissaya	21	presence	atthi
10	Pre-nascence	purejāta	22	absence	natthi
11	Post-nascence	pacchājāta	23	disappearance	vigata
12	Repetition	āsevana	24	non-disappearance	avigata

1) Hetu paccaya (root condition) causes firmness, stability

conditioning state		conditioned state
6 roots		1) 71 rooted consciousness (sahetuka cittas),
unwholesome roots (akusala hetu): greed (lobha), hatred (dosa), delusion (moha)		2) 52 mental states (except <i>moha</i> in <i>mohamūla cittas</i>), 3) matters born of rooted
3 wholesome roots (<i>kusala hetu</i>)	3 indeterminate roots (<i>abyākata hetu</i>)	cittas (sahetuka cittaja rūpas), 4) matters born of kamma at
non-greed (<i>alobha</i>) non-hatred (<i>adosa</i>) non-delusion (<i>amoha</i>)		rebirth moment (sahetuka paṭisandhi kammaj rūpas)

Hetu paccaya (root condition)

- > Hetū
- The six roots (lobha, dosa, moha, alobha, adosa, amoha)
- hetu,sampayuttakānam dhammānam
- are related to the cittas and the associated mental states,
- taṃ samuṭṭhānānañca rūpānaṃ
- and also to the matter produced by cittas
- by root condition.
- hetu,paccayena paccayo.

- 2) ārammaṇa paccaya (object condition)
- ✓ The nature of consciousness is awareness of the object.
- ✓ Mental states are those that have to depend on consciousness for arising.
- ✓ So consciousness and mental states that arise and pass away together, also take the same object (and same base).

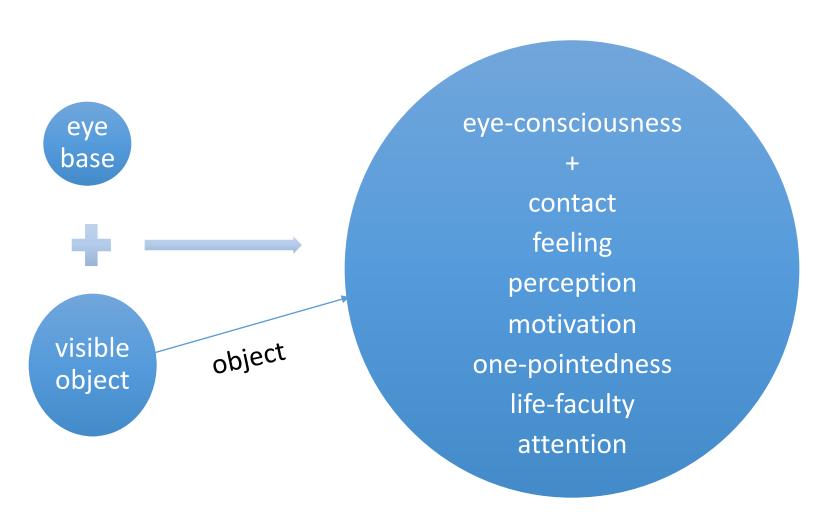
ārammaṇa paccaya (object condition)

- √ how consciousness and mental states arise depending on six objects
- ✓ cover all the ultimate realities and concepts
- ✓ a disabled person has to depend on a walking staff or a
 rope line
- ✓ consciousness and mental states depend on the six objects for awareness.

ārammaṇa paccaya (object condition)

conditioning states			conditioned states
object	composed factor	all factors	composed factor
1) visible	1) vaṇṇa/ rūpa	6 objects	89 cittas
2) sound	2) sadda	(including	52 cetasikas
3) smell	3) gandha	All ultimate	
4) taste	4) rasa	realities &	
5) tangibility	5) pathavī, tejo, vāyo	paññatti)	
6) dhamma	6) sense organs (5)	1) 89 <i>cittas</i>	
	subtle matters (16)	2) 52	
	cittas (89) - 1	cetasikas	
	cetasikas (52)	3) 28 <i>rūpas</i>	
	Nibbāna	4) Nibbāna	
	paññatti	5) Concept	

Arising of eye consciousness & associated mental states basic unit of mind (nāma)



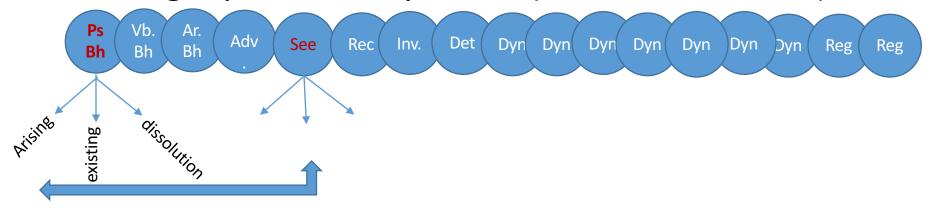
ārammaṇa paccaya (object condition)

- Rūpāyatanam cakkhuviññānadhātuyā
- Visible object is related to the eye-consciousness
- taṃ sampayuttakānañca dhammānaṃ
- and its associated mental states
- ārammaņa paccayena paccayo.
- by way of object condition.
- > saddāyatanam, gandhāyatanam, rasāyatanam, phoṭṭhabbārammaṇaṃ manodhātuyā taṃsampayuttakānañca dhammānaṃ ārammaṇa paccayena paccayo.
- > sabbe dhammā manoviññāṇa,dhātuyā taṃsampayuttakānañca dhammānaṃ ...

Thought process (vīthi) in eye-door runs for 17 thought moments

No.	Consciousness	Abbr.	time/moment	Pāļi term
1	past <i>bhavaṅga</i>	PsBh	1	atīta bhavaṅga
2	vibrational <i>bhavaṅga</i>	VbBh	1	bhavaṅga,calana
3	arrest <i>bhavaṅga</i>	ArBh	1	bhavaṅguppaccheda
4	five-door adverting	Adv	1	pañcadvārāvajjana
5	eye/seeing,	See	1	cakkhuviññāṇa
6	receiving	Rec	1	sampaṭicchana
7	investigating	Inv	1	santīraņa
8	determining	Det	1	voṭṭhabbana
9	dynamic/ impulsion	Dyn	7	javana
10	registration (taking that object)	Reg	2	tadā,rammaṇa

Thought process in eye-door (cakkhu,dvāra vīthi)



- ✓ visible object is related to eye/ seeing consciousness
- 1) as the object (ārammaṇa)
- 2) being born earlier (purejāta) than eye consciousness
- 3) while it is present (atthi)
- 4) by non-disappearance (avigata)

understanding object condition, etc.

- visible object is rūpa (matter).
- eye-sensitivity is also rūpa.
- When these 2 matters contact with each other, eye consciousness (nāma) arises.
- This reflects mere functioning of mind & matter
- This understanding leads to analysis of nāma & rūpa.
- dispelling wrong view (diţţhi) of self, soul and person
 & creator
- also can reduce attachment understanding the impermanent, suffering & non-soul natures.

- 3) predominance condition (adhipati paccaya)
- adhipati means supreme, sovereign, chief, king, etc.
- 2 kinds of predominance
- 1) object predominance (ārammaṇā,dhipati)
- outstanding object that draws our attention
- objects which are esteemed, cherished or strongly desired or strongly disliked
- objects that are strongly attracting and dominating these states
- this condition is identical with object decisive support (ārammaṇūpa,nissaya)

sahajātādhipati paccaya

- 2) co-nascence (born together) predominance
- ✓ predominant factor arising together with its associates Fourfold predominance
- > chandādhipati predominance in desire
- > chanda + adhipati desire + predominance
- burning desire to reach the goal causes
- > javana cittas with predominance (sādhipati javana)
- chandādhipati chanda, sampayuttakānam dhammānam
- matter born of predominant javana (sādhipati cittaja rūpa)
- taṃ samuṭṭhānānañca rūpānaṃ adhipati,paccayena paccayo
- One predominant factor and associated cittas and cetasikas would accomplish the goal set by it.

predominance condition (adhipati paccaya)

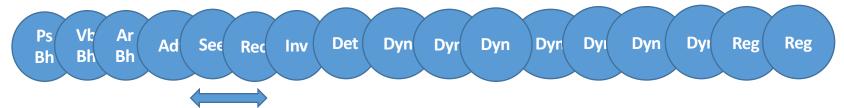
- vīriya effort or energy
- ardent effort to accomplish
- vīriyādhipati vīriya,sampayuttakānam dhammānam
- taṃ samuṭṭhānānañca rūpānaṃ adhipati,paccayena paccayo
- citta consciousness, strong or powerful
- cittādhipati citta,sampayuttakānam dhammānam
- taṃ samuṭṭhānānañca rūpānaṃ adhipati,paccayena paccayo
- vīmaṃsādhipati vīmaṃsa,sampayuttakānaṃ dhammānaṃ
- taṃ samuṭṭhānānañca rūpānaṃ adhipati,paccayena paccayo

javana cittas that arise together with predominance *sādhipati javana* - 52

- lobhamūla cittas 8
- dosamūla cittas 2
- mahākusala cittas 8
- mahākriya cittas 8
- rūpakusala cittas 5
- rūpakriya cittas 5
- arūpakusala cittas 4
- arūpakriya cittas 4
- magga cittas 4
- phala cittas 4

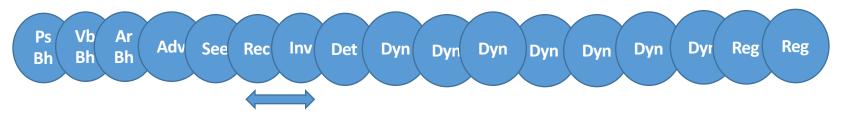
- 4) proximity condition (anantara paccaya)
- 'anantara' means 'without interval or gap'
- no interval of 'ultimate realities' between the preceding one and the succeeding ones (former & latter)
- When a consciousness and its associated mental states
 pass away or perish giving chance for another
 consciousness and mental states to arise
- No interval in between all these cittas
- Just like the passing away of the king provides opportunity for the Prince to get the throne.

4) proximity condition (anantara paccaya)



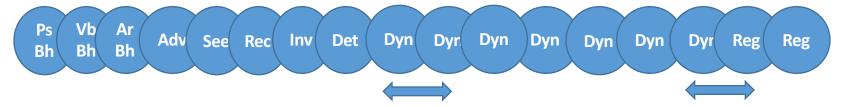
- √ seeing consciousness and receiving consciousness
- > seeing consciousness & associated mental states
- cakkhu,viññāṇa,dhātu taṃ,sampayuttakāca dhammā
- receiving consciousness (pertains to manodhātu mind element) & associated mental states
- mano, dhātuyā taṃ, sampayuttakānañca dhammānaṃ
- > is related by proximity condition
- anantara paccayena paccayo.
- * 3 mano,dhātu Five-door adverting consciousness 1
 & 2 receiving consciousness

4) proximity condition (anantara paccaya)



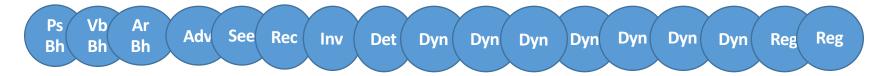
- √ receiving consciousness and investigating consciousness
- > receiving consciousness & associated mental states
- mano dhātu tam, sampayuttakāca dhammā
- investigating consciousness (pertains to manoviññāṇa dhātu mind consciousness element) & associated mental states
- mano,viññāṇa,dhātuyā taṃ,sampayuttakānañca dhammānaṃ
- > is related by proximity condition
- anantara paccayena paccayo.
- *76 mano, viññāṇa, dhātu remaining cittas except 3 manodhātu & 10 sense-consciousness

4) proximity condition (anantara paccaya)



- √ 7 moments of dynamic consciousness (javana cittas)
- ✓ either kusala or akusala javana
- > 1) the preceding kusala javana
- purimā purimā kusala dhammā
- > to the succeeding kusala javana
- pacchimānam pacchimānam kusalānam dhammānam
- > is related by proximity condition
- anantara paccayena paccayo.
- remaining cittas are indeterminate in type (abyākata and refer to functional & resultant consciousness)

5) contiguity condition (samanantara paccaya)



- identical with anantara paccaya
- expounded for understanding of different temperaments
- cause: 89 cittas and 52 cetasikas (except death or cuti consciousness of the Arahanta)
- effect: 89 cittas and 52 cetasikas (along with the death consciousness of the Arahanta)
- Note: rebirth consciousness (*paṭisandhi*) and lifecontinuum consciousness (*bhavaṅga citta*) are included in the cause, so the number of 89 *cittas* remain the same

- 1) co-nascence born together
- For example: consciousness and mental states are born together
- Like the flame and light are born together or appear at the same time
- primary elements are born together
- mind and mind-born matters are born together
- (citta produces changes in body cittaja rūpa)
- healthy and happy mind produces healthy body
- unhealthy mind brings about unhealthy body

- 1) 4 mental aggregates are mutually related to each other by co-nascence condition (born together)
- cattāro khandhā arūpino aññamaññam sahajāta paccayena paccayo
- 89 consciousness & 52 mental states
- (a) 89 consciousness consciousness aggregate
- (b) feeling feeling aggregate (vedanākkhandha)
- (c) perception perception aggregate (saññākkhandha)
- (d) remaining 50 mental states mental formations aggregate (saṅkhārakkhandha)

- 2) 4 primary elements are mutually related to each other by co-nascence condition
- > cattāro mahābhūtā aññamaññaṃ sahajāta paccayena paccayo
- earth (pathavī)
- water (āpo)
- fire (*tejo*)
- air (vāyo)
- components of inseparable (avinibbhoga rūpa) along with visible object or form (vaṇṇa), smell (gandha), taste (rasa) & nutritive essence (ojā)

- 3) At rebirth, mind and matter are related to each other by co-nascence condition
- okkantikkhane nāmarūpam aññamaññam sahajāta paccayena paccayo
- ✓ mind rebirth-linking consciousness (mahāvipāka citta)
 & associated mental states
- ✓ matter 3 decads or 30 rūpas
- body decad (kāya dasaka) (10) rūpas
 - 8 inseparables + life-faculty + body sensitivity
- female decad/ male decad (bhāva dasaka) (10) rūpas
 - 8 inseparables + life-faculty + femininity/ masculinity
- basis decad (vatthu dasaka) (10) rūpas
 - 8 inseparables + life-faculty + heart base

- 4) consciousness and mental state are related to matters born of *citta* and matters born of *kamma* at rebirth
- > citta cetasikā dhammā cittasamuṭṭhānānaṃ rūpaṃ sahajāta paccayena paccayo.
- ✓ mind rebirth-linking consciousness (mahāvipāka citta)
 & associated mental states
- ✓ matter 3 decads or 30 *rūpas*
- body decad (kāya dasaka) -
 - 8 inseparables + life-faculty + body sensitivity
- female decad/ male decad (bhāva dasaka)
 - 8 inseparables + life-faculty + femininity/ masculinity
- basis decad (vatthu dasaka)
 - 8 inseparables + life-faculty + heart base

- 5) 4 primary elements are related to dependent matters
- mahābhūtā upādā rūpam sahajāta paccayena paccayo.
- √ pathavī, āpo, tejo, vāyo mahābhūta 4
- √vaṇṇa, gandha, rasa, ojā upādāya rūpa 4
- ✓ Being components of the inseparables or the basic unit of matter in the material group (*rūpa kalāpa*), these are related to each other by means of co-nascence or born together (*sahajāta*).
- ✓ components of inseparable (avinibbhoga rūpa) along with visible object or form (vanna), smell (gandha), taste (rasa) & nutritive essence ($oj\bar{a}$)

7) mutuality condition (aññamañña paccaya)

No.	cause	effect
	89 consciousness consciousness aggregate	89 consciousness consciousness aggregate
1	52 mental states feeling, perception, mental formations aggregates	52 mental states feeling, perception, mental formations aggregates

4 mental aggregates are mutually related to each other. cattāro khandhā arūpino aññamañña,paccayena paccayo

In contemplating feeling (*vedanā*), there is perception (*saññā*), motivation (*cetanā*), mindfulness (*sati*), effort (*vīriya*), etc. And the mind knows it is pleasant feeling.

mutual condition (aññamañña paccaya)

No.	cause	effect	
	4 primary elements	4 primary elements	
2	4 primary elements are mutually related. cattāro mahābhūtā aññamañña paccayena paccayo.		
3	mind & matter at rebirth	mind & matter at rebirth	
	mind and matter at rebirth are mutually related. okkantikkhaṇe nāmarūpaṃ aññamaññapaccayena		
	mental states are mutually related to heart-base.		

dependence or support condition (nissaya paccaya)

4 mental aggregates are mutually dependent.

Cattāro khandhā arūpino aññamaññaṃ nissaya paccayena
paccayo

4 primary elements are mutually dependent.

Cattāro mahābhūtā aññamaññaṃ nissaya paccayena paccayo.

Mind and matter at rebirth are mutually dependent.

Okkantikkhane nāmarūpam aññamaññam nissaya paccayena paccayo.

Consciousness and mental states are dependence for mindborn matters. Citta, cetasikā dhammā citta, samuṭṭhānānaṁ rūpānaṃ nissaya paccayena paccayo.

Primary elements are dependence for dependent matters. Mahābhūtā upādārūpānam nissaya paccayena paccayo.

- dependence or support condition (nissaya paccaya)
- 2) pre-nascence support (*purejāta nissaya*)
- > it has two subsidiary types:
- a) base pre-nascence support (vatthu purejāta nissaya)
- b) base-object-pre-nascence-support
- (vatthārammaņa purejāta nissaya)
- eye-base is related to eye-consciousness element by support condition.
- cakkhāyatanam cakkhu, viññānadhātuyā tam sampayuttakānañca dhammānam nissya paccayena paccayo.
- heart-base is related to mind element and mind consciousness element by support condition.

powerful dependence or decisive support condition (upanissaya paccaya)

- √ upa,nissaya upa strong or decisive
- ✓ nissaya support or dependence
 threefold decisive support:
- 1) object decisive support ārammaņūpa, nissaya
- 2) proximity decisive support anantarūpa, nissaya
- 3) natural decisive support pakatūpa, nissaya
- > 1) object decisive support ārammaņūpa,nissaya is similar to ārammaņa adhipati (predominant object)
- outstanding object that draws our attention which is esteemed, cherished or strongly desired or disliked

decisive support condition (upanissaya paccaya)

- 2) proximity decisive support anantarūpa, nissaya is similar to anantara (proximity or without interval)
- preceding wholesome dhamma is related to subsequent wholesome dhamma by decisive support condition
- purimā purimā kusalā dhammā pacchimānam pacchimānam kusalānam dhammānam upanissaya paccayena paccayo.
- preceding wholesome dhamma is related to subsequent unwholesome dhamma by (some) decisive support condition
- purimā purimā kusalā dhammā pacchimānaṃ pacchimānaṃ akusalānaṃ dhammānaṃ <u>kesañci</u> upanissaya paccayena paccayo.

natural decisive support - pakatūpa,nissaya

how <i>kusala</i> can bring about <i>akusala</i>		
cause (<i>kusala</i>)	effect (akusala)	
purity of virtue (<i>sīla</i>)	pride (<i>māna</i>) arises	
giving charity	remorse (kukkucca) arises	
one's <i>jhāna</i> attainment	clinging (taṇhā) arises	
how <i>kusala</i> produces <i>kusala</i>		
cause (<i>kusala</i>)	effect (<i>kusala</i>)	
observance of virtue	practise meditation	
having confidence (saddhā)	offers alms food	
performing merit	share with others	

natural decisive support - pakatūpa,nissaya

how <i>akusala</i> can bring about <i>akusala</i>				
cause (akusala)	effect (akusala)			
taking alcohol	commits adultery			
telling lies	deceive others			
stealing weapons	commits robbery			
how akusala produces kusala				
akusala	kusala			
killing animals	make charity			
with clinging (upādāna)	offers alms food			

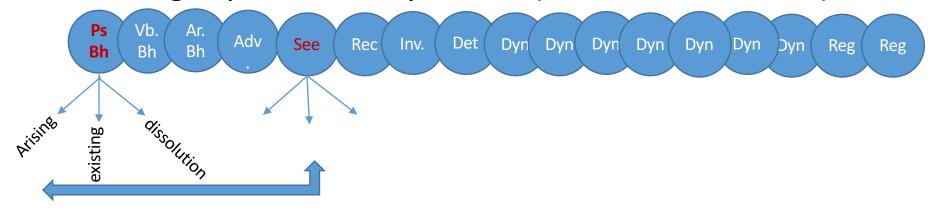
decisive support condition (*upanissaya paccaya*)

- ✓ natural decisive support pakatūpa, nissaya
- individual (puggala)
- association with virtuous person vs. unvirtuous one
- > season (utu)
- cold weather, hot weather, moderate weather
- ➤ food (bhojana)
- good food, fresh food, suitable food, spoiled food,
- dwelling (senāsana)
- clean and tidy place, untidy place & environment

- 10) pre-nascence condition (purejāta paccaya)
- ✓ purejāta
- ✓ pure earlier + jāta born = born earlier/ pre-nascence
- ✓ cause has arisen earlier or prior to the effect
- ✓ like the moon and the earth existed since the beginning of the world system
- √ twofold pre-nascence
- 1) ārammaņa purejāta object that is born earlier
- sense-objects are born earlier than sense consciousness
- 2) vatthu purejāta base born earlier than seeing consciousness
- sense-base arises earlier than eye consciousness.

- 10) pre-nascence condition (*purejāta paccaya*)
- ✓ eye-base is related to eye consciousness by prenascence condition.
- cakkhāyatanam cakkhuviññāna,dhātuyā tam sampayuttakānañca dhammānam purejāta paccayena paccayo.
- ✓ visible object is related to eye consciousness by prenascence condition.
- rūpāyatanam cakkhuviññāṇa,dhātuyā tam sampayuttakānañca dhammānam purejāta paccayena paccayo.

Thought process in eye-door (cakkhu,dvāra vīthi)



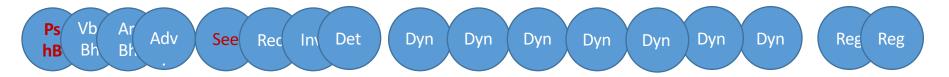
- ✓ visible object is related to eye/ seeing consciousness
- 1) as the object (ārammaṇa)
- 2) being born earlier (purejāta) than eye consciousness
- 3) while it is present (atthi)
- 4) by non-disappearance (avigata)

- 11) post-nascence condition (pacchājāta paccaya)
- ✓ the cause arises later and the conditioned things or effect arises later
- ✓ a young vulture offspring after birth is hungry, survives
 with the expectation of food from its mother
- ✓ just like rain water that falls later promotes the growth and development of the already existed plants
- ✓ nāma which is the cause is related to rūpa by postnascence condition
- ✓ physical body produced by 4 conditions: *kamma*, *citta*, *utu* & *āhāra* is sustained or maintained by the mind which arise later

12) repetition condition (*āsevana paccaya*)

- ✓ a strong condition which has efficacy or skill by repeated performing or practising
- ✓ states belonging to same nature can impart this power or efficacy to the succeeding states
- ✓ preceding *javanas* or dynamic states are a condition for subsequent *javanas* by repetition condition
- ✓ repeated learning lead to thorough understanding of lessons and remembering them well

12) repetition condition (āsevana paccaya)



- ✓ preceding *kusala javanas* to succeeding *kusala javanas*
- purimā purimā kusalā dhammā pacchimānaṃ pacchimānaṃ kusalānaṃ dhammānaṃ āsevana paccayena paccayo
- ✓ preceding akusala javanas to succeeding akusala javanas
- ✓ preceding functional *javanas* to succeeding functional *javanas*

13) kamma condition (kamma paccaya)

- ✓ a seed when well planted in the fertile soil will grow
 well giving rise to fruits and flowers
- ✓ wholesome and unwholesome kamma when supported by *avijjā* and *taṇhā* giving rise to a new existence
- √two kinds of kamma
- 1) co-nascent kamma (sahajāta kamma)
- 2) asynchronous kamma (nānākkhaṇika kamma)

13) *kamma* condition (*kamma paccaya*)

kamma	cause	effect
co-nascent (sahajāta)	cetanā in 89 cittas	 89 cittas 51 cetasikas (except cetanā) cittaja rūpa sahetuka paṭisandhi rūpa
asynchronous (<i>nānākkhaṇika</i>)	cetanā in 33 past kusala and akusala kamma	36 vipāka citta38 cetasikaskammaja rūpa

14) result condition (*vipāka paccaya*)

- ✓ resultants produced by causes
- ✓ no activity of their own, so inactive
- ✓ like 'relaxing in the cool breeze' leisurely
- ✓ arise peacefully, mutually by nature, aiding one another
- ✓ cause all 36 vipāka cittas, 38 cetasikas
- ✓effect all 36 vipāka cittas, 38 cetasikas,
 - ✓ cittaja rūpas (except 2 viññatti rūpas)
 - √ paṭisandhi kammaja rūpas

15) nutriment condition (āhāra paccaya)

- ✓ nutriment produces, supports or reinforces the effect
- ✓ nāma āhāra & rūpa āhāra
- 1) nutriment in the edible food (kaļīkārā,hāra)
- this material nutriment or the nutritive essence ($oj\bar{a}$) in the edible food is the condition for this physical body
- when food is ingested, its nutritive essence produces new matter born of nutriment
- it also reinforces the material groups, born of all four causes: kamma, citta, utu & āhāra
- basic unit of rūpa,kalāpa or material group being 8
- 4 primary elements, visible object, sound, smell, taste, nutritive essence

15) nutriment condition (āhāra paccaya)

- ✓ nāma āhāra
- 2) phassāhara causes vedanā contact causes feeling
- phassa paccayā vedanā
- 3) cetanā or saṅkhāra (wholesome & unwholesome motivation or volitional activities) brings about rebirth (paṭisandhi)
- sankhāra paccayā viññāṇaṃ.
- 4) rebirth consciousness brings about *nāma* and *rūpa* that co-exist
- viññāṇa paccayā nāmarūpaṃ

16) faculty condition (indriya paccaya)

- √ faculty or exercising power
- ✓ like regional chiefs or ministers
- ✓ having authority over respective regions of the country
- 1) pre-nascence faculty (purejātindriya)
- cause 5 sensitive matters controls efficacy of consciousness that takes it as a base
- effect 10 sense consciousness & 7 universal mental states
- good eye sight produces acute vision
- weak eyes result in poor vision

16) faculty condition (indriya paccaya)

- 2) material life-faculty (rūpajīvitindriya)
- cause material group born of kamma (rūpa jīvita)
- effect other 9 material phenomena in the same group
- controls them by maintaining their vitality

- 3) 15 immaterial faculties, each a co-nascence faculty condition for associated mental and material phenomena
- cause 8 nāma indriya factors: jīvita, citta, vedanā, saddhā, vīriya, sati, ekaggatā, paññā
- effect associated cittas 89, cetasikas 52, cittaja rūpa, paṭisandhi kammaja rūpa

17) absorption condition (jhāna paccaya)

- ✓ close contemplation of an object
- kasina object, impermanent nature of the conditioned things (sankhāra), blissful characteristic of nibbāna, etc.
- ➤ cause 5 jhāna factors: initial application (vitakka), sustained application (vicāra), joy (pīti), feeling (vedanā), one-pointedness (ekaggatā)
- effect 79 cittas (except 10 sense-consciousness)
 52 cetasikas, cittaja rūpa,
 paṭisandhi kammaja rūpa

18) path condition (magga paccaya)

- ✓ constituents of the path
- ✓ means or way for reaching a particular destination: either blissful or woeful
- ✓ cause 9 path factors: wisdom, initial application, 3 abstinences (*viratī*), effort, mindfulness, one pointedness, v
- ✓ effect 71 sahetuka citta (rooted consciousness),

 52 cetasikas, sahetuka cittaja rūpa,

 sahetukpaṭisandhi kammaja rūpa

- 19) association condition (sampayutta paccaya)
- ✓ butter, oil, honey, molasses are so thoroughly mixed that it cannot be differentiated
- ✓ likewise, consciousness and mental states which form 4 mental aggregates are so thoroughly mixed that they cannot be differentiated
- ✓ they associate by means of four characteristics:
- 1) arising together, 2) passing away together
- 3) having the same object, 4) having the same basis
- ✓ cause 89 cittas and 52 cetasikas
- ✓ effect 89 cittas and 52 cetasikas

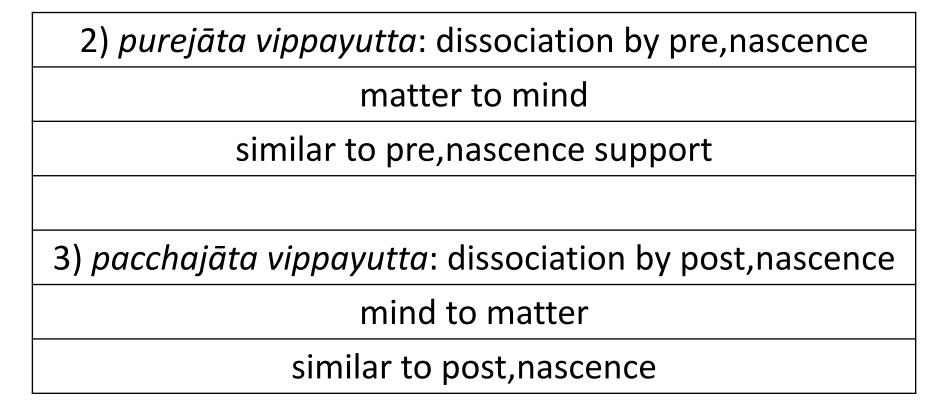
20) dissociation condition (vippayutta paccaya)

- ✓ the cause and effect with different in nature relating to
 each other
- ✓ like 6 tastes: sweet, sour, spicy, salty, tart, bitter that are different in nature yet still related
- ✓ like flowers of different species and colours making the garden more pleasant
- √ mind relating to matter
- ✓ matter relating to mind

20) dissociation condition (vippayutta paccaya)

1) sahajāta vippayutta: dissociation by co,nascence					
mind to matter					
cause	effect				
 75 cittas (except 10 sense consciousness and 4 arūpa vipāka & death consciousness of the Arahants) 	 mind-born matter (cittaja rūpa) kamma-born matter at rebirth (paṭisandhi kammaja rūpa) 				
matter to mind					
 heart-base (hadaya vatthu) at the moment of rebirth 	 rebirth-linking in the five aggregate plane (pañcavokāra,bhūmi) 				

20) dissociation condition (vippayutta paccaya)



- 21) presence condition (atthi paccaya) & 24) non-disappearance (avigata paccaya)
- presence (atthi) and non-disappearance (avigata) are identical in meaning, different only in the letter or word
- like the earth support mountains, buildings and beings to exist while it is present
- like the parents support the children while they are present
- it appears in different categories
- 1) sahajātatthi presence by co-nascence
- It is identical with *sahajāta* co-nascence (born together)

- 21) presence condition (atthi paccaya) & 24) non-disappearance (avigata paccaya)
- 1) sahajātatthi presence by co-nascence
- It is identical with *sahajāta* co-nascence (born together)
- 4 mental aggregates are mutually related by presence
- 4 primary elements are mutually related by presence
- mind & matter at rebirth are mutually related by presence
- mind & matter are related to mind-born matters
- 4 primary elements are related to 24 dependent matters by presence

- 21) presence condition (atthi paccaya) & 24) non-disappearance (avigata paccaya)
- 2) purejātatthi presence by pre-nascence
- It is similar to *purejāta* pre-nascence (born earlier)
- 5 sense bases are related to 5 sense consciousness element being born earlier, during presence & non-disappearance

- 21) presence condition (atthi paccaya) & 24) non-disappearance (avigata paccaya)
- 3) pacchājātatthi presence by post-nascence
- It is similar to pacchājāta post-nascence (born later)
- five sense objects are related to five sense consciousness element being born later, during presence
 a non-disappearance
- heart-base is support to the mind element (manodhātu)
 & mind consciousness element (mano viññāṇa dhātu)
 during presence & non-disappearance

22) absence condition (*natthi paccaya*) 23) disappearance (*vigata paccaya*)

- the absence or disappearance of light contributes to the appearance of the darkness
- the absence or disappearance of sun contributes to the appearance of the moon
- the death of the king contributes to the enthronement of the prince
- Consciousness and mental states passed away or disappeared provide the appearance of another set of mental phenomena
- its cause and effect are identical with proximity condition (anantara paccaya)

6 kinds of relations as explained in Abhidhammatthasangaha

	cause	effect	condition	
1	nāma	nāma	6 anantara, samanantara, natthi, vigata, āsevana, sampayutta	
2	nāma	nāma rūpa	5	hetu, jhāna, magga, kamma, vipāka
3	nāma	rūpa	1	pacchājāta
4	rūpa	nāma	1	purejāta
5	paññatti nāma rūpa	nāma	2	ārammaṇa, upanissaya
6	nāma rūpa	nāma rūpa	9	adhipati, sahajāta, aññamañña, nissaya, āhāra, indriya, vippayutta, atthi, avigata